Developing Resilient CRVS Systems: Facilitating the Recovery from Covid-19 in Indonesia

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Indonesia’s CRVS National Strategy toward Universal Registration

CRVS addressed in the National Medium-Term Development Plan (Presidential Regulation No. 18/2020 on The 2020-2024), i.e. 100% ownership of: ID & Birth Certificate, Marriage & Divorce Certificates, Death Certificate & record of the causes of death.

Comprehensive multisectoral CRVS National Strategy was endorsed through Presidential Regulation No. 62/2019.

The National Strategy contains clear targets to be achieved by 2024, partly aligned with the three goals and targets of the Regional Action Framework.

The National Strategy pinpoints supply and demand sides to achieve universal registration:
- The number of registration points and their geographical coverage.
- The human resources attributed to civil registration
- The simplification of the procedures through innovative approaches
- Enhancing stakeholders awareness.
### Progress to date: CRVS National Strategy

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No.</th>
<th>Indicator (%)</th>
<th>Target 2024</th>
<th>Target 2020</th>
<th>Progress 2020</th>
<th>Progress 2021</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Coverage of NIK (ID number) ownership in children of Indonesian citizens aged 0-5 years.</td>
<td>99%</td>
<td>90%</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Coverage of NIK (ID number) ownership in Indonesian citizens aged 0-17 years.</td>
<td>99%</td>
<td>95%</td>
<td>99.11% (MOHA)</td>
<td>97.62% (Semester I)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Coverage of NIK (ID number) ownership for all Indonesian citizens</td>
<td>99%</td>
<td>98%</td>
<td>99.11% (MOHA)</td>
<td>97.62% (Semester I)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Coverage of birth certificates for children aged 0-5 years</td>
<td>100%</td>
<td>95%</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Coverage of birth certificates ownership for residents aged 0-17 years.</td>
<td>100%</td>
<td>90%</td>
<td>93.78% (MOHA)</td>
<td>93.06% (Semester I)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Coverage of ownership of marriage books and marriage certificates for all married couples.</td>
<td>100%</td>
<td>Increased</td>
<td>39.89% (MOHA Sem. II)</td>
<td>(data incomplete)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Coverage of ownership of divorce certificates for all divorced individuals</td>
<td>100%</td>
<td>Increased</td>
<td>43.77% (MOHA Sem. II)</td>
<td>(data incomplete)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>The coverage of ownership of a death certificate for all events of death in the past year.</td>
<td>100%</td>
<td>Increased</td>
<td>4,665,664 people (Semester II 2020)</td>
<td>(data incomplete)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>Coverage of death events identified as the cause based on the International Classification of Diseases-10 (ICD10) in the past year</td>
<td>100%</td>
<td>Increased</td>
<td>Some areas have implemented</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

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Kementerian PPN/ Bappenas
Indonesian Regulations during Pandemic

- Presidential Regulation No. 62/2019: on National Strategy to Accelerate Population Administration to Development of Vital Statistics
- Government Regulation No. 40/2019: on Implementation of Law No. 24/2013 on Population Administration

2019 Pandemic

- Presidential Regulation No. 18/2020 on The 2020-2024 National Medium-Term Development Plan (100% ownership of ID & Birth Certificate, Marriage Certificate & Divorce Certificate, Death Certificate & record of the causes of death)

2020 Pandemic

- Presidential Decree No. 12/2020 on Determination of Non-Natural Disasters of the Spread of Corona Virus Disease 2019 (Covid-19) As A National Disaster
- Ministry of Health Regulation No. 10/2021 on Vaccination Implementation in order to Control Corona Virus Disease 2019 (Covid-19) and its amendments.
Facilitating the Recovery from Covid-19 in Indonesia: Good Practice

**CRVS data** to calculate the number of vaccine doses needed and budget planning for social assistance.

**Integrated data of CRVS** for registration, implementation of Covid-19 vaccinations, and issuance of digital Covid-19 vaccine certificates (PCare and PeduliLindungi).

**Simplified and improved** the Standard of Procedure (SOP) of civil registration.

**Integrated data of CRVS** to provide social assistance to beneficiary with a verified ID Number.

The increased of digital transformation and innovation of public service on CRVS.

In some areas, integrated civil registration with primary healthcare services.

Registration of birth, death, still birth and recording of causes of death continue as a priority, however certain registration processes may be temporarily delayed.
Conclusion and Recommendation

❖ CRVS system should be considered as part of national disaster planning which involve multisector.

❖ Civil registration systems and the vital statistics must be strengthened as core components of the response to Covid-19.

❖ Building resilience into CRVS systems will be essential for better function during future disaster. Importantly, focus on:
  ✓ efficient human resources arrangements for civil registration
  ✓ community awareness and active participation from public (inclusivity)
  ✓ improved interoperability and intersectoral collaboration
  ✓ enhanced digitization of CRVS operations; and
  ✓ the availability and quality of mortality statistics to monitor the impact of the pandemic.

❖ To conduct study of the impact of Covid-19 on CRVS and how to strengthen CRVS system after pandemic.