Bangladesh’s Experience with Filling in the midterm Questionnaire

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Goal 1: Universal civil registration of births, deaths and other vital events

• By 2024, at least 100 per cent of births in the territory and jurisdiction in the given year are registered.
• By 2024, at least 100 per cent of children under 5 years old in the territory and jurisdiction have had their birth registered.
• By 2024, at least 100 per cent of all individuals in the territory and jurisdiction have had their birth registered.
• By 2024, at least 80 per cent of all deaths that take place in the territory and jurisdiction in the given year are registered.
• By 2024, at least 80 per cent of all deaths recorded by the health sector in the territory and jurisdiction in the given year have a medically certified cause of death recorded using the international form of the death certificate.

https://www.getinthepicture.org/country/bangladesh
Goal 2: All individuals are provided with legal documentation of civil registration of births, deaths and other vital events, as necessary, to claim identity, civil status and ensuing rights

- By 2024, at least 100 per cent of all births registered in the territory and jurisdiction are accompanied with the issuance of an official birth certificate that includes, as a minimum, the individual’s name, sex, date and place of birth, and name of parent(s) where known.
- By 2024, at least 80 per cent of all deaths registered in the territory and jurisdiction in the given year are accompanied with the issuance of an official death certificate which includes, as a minimum, the deceased’s name, date of death, sex, and age.

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Goal 3: Accurate, complete and timely vital statistics (including on causes of death) are produced based on registration records and are disseminated

- By 2021, annual nationally representative statistics on births – disaggregated by age of mother, sex of child, geographic area and administrative subdivision – are produced from registration records or other valid administrative data sources.

- By 2021, annual nationally representative statistics on deaths – disaggregated by age, sex, cause of death defined by ICD (latest version as appropriate), geographic area and administrative subdivision – are produced from registration records or other valid administrative data sources.
Goal 3: continue...

- By 2024, at least 100 per cent of deaths occurring in health facilities or with the attention of a medical practitioner have an underlying cause of death code derived from the medical certificate according to the standards defined by ICD.

- By 2024, the proportion of deaths coded to ill-defined codes will have been reduced by 50 per cent compared with the baseline year.

- By 2024, at least 50 per cent of deaths taking place outside of a health facility and without the attention of a medical practitioner have their underlying cause of death code determined through verbal autopsy in line with international standards.
Goal 3: continue...

• By 2021, key summary tabulations of vital statistics on births and deaths using registration records as the primary source, are made available in the public domain in electronic format annually, and within one calendar year.

• By 2021, key summary tabulations of vital statistics on causes of death using registration records as the primary source, are made available in the public domain in electronic format annually, and within two calendar years.

• By 2021, an accurate, complete and timely vital statistics report for the previous two years, using registration records as the primary source, is made available in the public domain.

https://www.getinthepicture.org/country/bangladesh
Who does what?

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Events</th>
<th>Organization</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Birth</td>
<td>Office of the Registrar General, Local Govt. Division</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Adoption</td>
<td>Not covered by law</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Marriage</td>
<td>Office of the Inspector General of Registration, Law &amp; Justice Division</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Divorce</td>
<td>Office of the Inspector General of Registration, Law &amp; Justice Division</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cause of Death</td>
<td>Director General of Health</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Death</td>
<td>Office of the Registrar General, Birth and Death Registration, Local Government Division</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Leads, Coordinates by Cabinet Division
Actions taken

- Established Office of the Registrar General (Birth & Death Registration) established
- Formed CRVS Secretariat
- Established National CRVS Coordinating Mechanism
- Upgradation of the current BDRIS
- CRVS Regional Steering Group Member
- CRVS implementation committees have been introduced
- Introduced of 10 digit UID by linking with NID
Innovation/Good Practice: Kaliganj Model

**When:** Pilot project started in Kaliganj Upazilla in 2016 involving frontline workforce under Health and Family Welfare Ministry with local registrars.

**How:** Frontline workers of Health and Family Welfare Ministry are being involved for notification of births and deaths to the local registrars by facilitating the families in applying for registration.

**What next: Scale up**
32 districts (out of total 64 districts) by 2022
Asstt. Health Inspector

Family Planning Inspector

Verbal Autopsy done

Distribute registration certificate to Family Members

Issues Certificate

www.crvs.gov.bd
Kaliganj model: Registration within 45 days of birth

- 2015: 1%
- 2016: 16%
- 2017: 61%
- 2018: 82%
Birth registration by Age

Percentage of children under age 5 whose births are registered, by age in months

- 0-11 months: 41%
- 12-23 months: 50%
- 24-35 months: 57%
- 36-47 months: 63%
- 48-59 months: 69%
Election Commission
• NID wing

ICT Division
❖ A2I

Ministry of Social Welfare

Ministry of Expatriates’ Welfare and OM

Ministry of Health and Family Welfare

Ministry of Foreign Affairs

Ministry of Home Affairs
❖ DIP

Ministry of Education

Ministry of Primary and Mass Education

Ministry of Liberation War Affairs

Ministry of Liberation War Affairs

Interoperable
Challenges

• Duplication of data
• Data security and confidentiality
• Process of completeness of e-Notification within stipulated time
• Defined actual Population and linkage with Bangladesh Bureau of Statistics
• Develop M&E and Quality Control framework
• Bringing all the citizen-services under single umbrella
• Improved of the marriage and divorce registration system.
Discussion

recommendations
Thanks